



DANGER



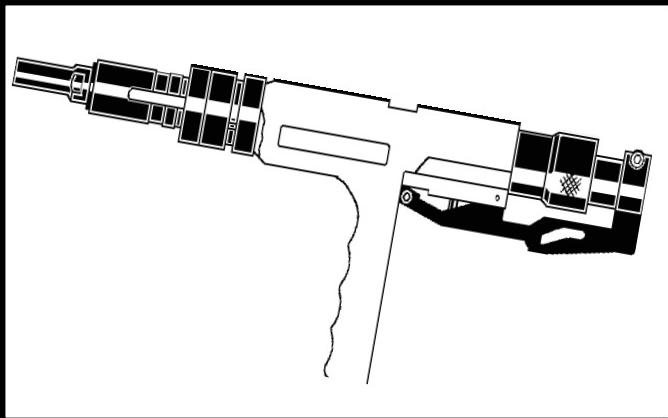
THIS TOOL FOR USE BY LICENSED OPERATORS ONLY.
READ AND OBEY ALL SAFETY AND OPERATING
INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE OPERATING TOOL.



Ramset[®]
POWDER FASTENING SYSTEMS

VIPER TOOL

OPERATOR'S
SAFETY &
OPERATING
INSTRUCTION
MANUAL



SEMI-AUTOMATIC, LOW VELOCITY
PISTON TYPE FASTENING TOOL

ITW Ramset/Red Head

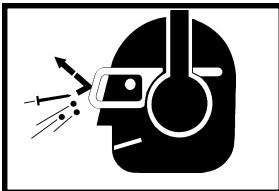
SAFETY INTRODUCTION

DANGER

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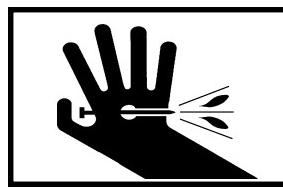
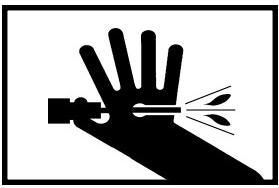
THIS TOOL IS TO BE USED ONLY BY PROPERLY TRAINED AND LICENSED OPERATORS.
YOU MUST SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE ITW RAMSET/RED HEAD'S TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE TOOL AND OBTAIN A CERTIFIED OPERATOR'S LICENSE BEFORE HANDLING, LOADING OR OPERATING THIS TOOL.

ATTEMPTING TO HANDLE OR OPERATE THIS TOOL WITHOUT PROPER TRAINING AND LICENSING CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY TO THE OPERATOR OR BYSTANDERS.



Operator's and bystanders must wear eye and hearing protection.

Read manual before operating tool.



Never close tool with hand over fastener loading end of the tool.
A serious hand injury from penetration by the piston or a discharged fastener could result.

DANGER

Just as no one can merely read a book about driving an automobile and then hope to drive one safely, no one should attempt to use any Ramset tool without adequate, competent personal instruction. And just as one must be licensed to drive an automobile, one must also be licensed to use a powder actuated tool.

No automobile instruction book or instructor can forewarn a learner against all possibilities and emergencies, nor can ITW Ramset/Red Head instructors and printed material detail all possible conditions surrounding the use of ITW Ramset/Red Head tools and products.

Responsibility for the safe and proper use of this tool rests with the tool user and the employer.

SAFETY INTRODUCTION

DANGER

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

DANGER

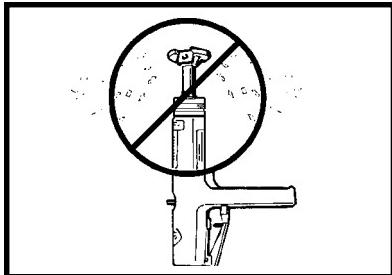
Preparation

Acceptable Base Materials

Powder actuated fastening is suitable for use in the following base materials only:

- Poured Concrete
- Structural Steel
- Masonry Joints (see page 8)

Never attempt to fasten into any other type of material. Fastening into other materials can cause blindness or other serious injury.

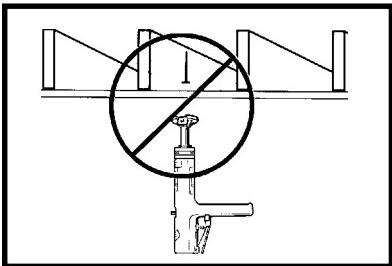


NEVER FASTEN INTO VERY HARD OR BRITTLE MATERIALS

Unacceptable Base Materials

Never attempt to fasten into very hard or brittle materials such as cast iron, tile, glass, or rock of any type.

These materials can shatter, causing the fastener and/or base material fragments to fly free and cause serious injury to the tool operator and others.



NEVER FASTEN INTO SOFT MATERIALS SUCH AS DRYWALL

Never fasten into soft base materials, such as drywall or lumber products. These materials may allow the fastener to travel completely through and out the other side, endangering those in the path of the fastener.

Never fasten into any base material that does not pass the Center Punch test. Failure to assure the suitability of the base material can result in serious injury to the eyes or other body parts.

Center Punch Test

ALWAYS WEAR SAFETY GOGGLES WHEN PERFORMING THIS TEST.

1. Always check the material being fastened into for hardness before attempting any fastening operation.
2. Using a fastener as a center punch, strike the fastener against the work surface using an average hammer blow and check the results.

Center Punch Test Results

1. If the fastener point is flattened, the material is too hard for a powder actuated fastening.
2. If the fastener penetrates the material easily, the material is too soft.
3. If the material cracks or shatters, the material is too brittle.
4. If the fastener makes a small indentation into the material, the material is suitable for fastening.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

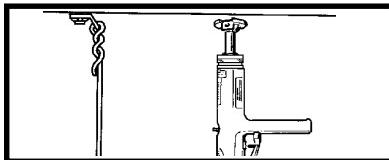


Loads & Load Selection Safety

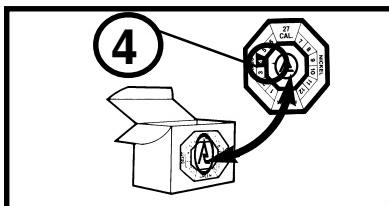
1. Always make a test fastening after being sure that the base material is suitable for powder actuated fastening. Failure to determine the correct power level to be used may result in the use of excessive power, allowing the fastener to pass completely through the work material, causing serious or fatal injuries to others who may be in the path of the fastener.
2. Color-blind operators must always select loads by load number to prevent use of an incorrect load for the same reasons as in #1 above.

Workplace Safety

1. Operators and bystanders must always wear approved safety goggles and approved hearing protection. Failure to do so may result in blindness or serious eye injury from flying debris and loss of hearing from constant or repeated unprotected exposure to fastening noise.
2. Always keep the work area clear of bystanders and unnecessary materials that could interfere with safe tool operation. Operating the tool in a congested or cluttered area may affect your ability to operate the tool safely.
3. Never operate tool if flammable or explosive materials are nearby. Powder loads burn and create sparks when fired and could ignite these materials or fumes.
4. Always post warning signs within 50' of the area where fastening is to be done. Sign must state: "Caution- Powder Actuated Tool In Use". Failure to warn others may result in serious injury to them. Contact ITW Ramset/ Red Head at 1-800-354-7432 to obtain this sign.



ALWAYS MAKE A TEST FASTENING



COLOR-BLIND OPERATORS
MUST ALWAYS SELECT
LOADS BY NUMBER



KEEP WORK AREA CLEAR OF
BYSTANDERS AND CLUTTER



NEVER OPERATE TOOL
AROUND FLAMMABLE OR
EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS



ALWAYS POST WARNING SIGNS

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

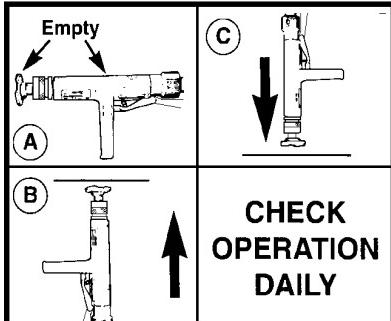


DANGER

Tool Handling Safety

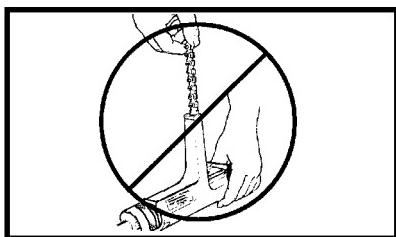
1. Always be sure tool is operating properly before attempting to use it. Follow the "Daily Function Check" shown to the right and described on page 9.
2. Always load tool using a load strip selected directly from a box indicating the power load type and number. Never attempt to use loose strip loads that could be mis-identified.
3. Never carry loose strip loads in pockets with pins or other hard objects.
4. Never load a tool unless you intend to immediately make a fastening. *Loading a tool and leaving it unattended in the work area can result in the tool being accidentally discharged by others.*
5. Never place your hand or any other body part over the fastener loading end of the tool. *Serious hand injury could result from being struck by either a fastener or the tool piston should the tool be accidentally fired.*
6. Always store the tool unloaded and keep the tool and the loads securely locked in a tool box. Keep keys away from children and unlicensed persons.
7. Always keep the tool pointed away from yourself and others.
8. Never carry a loaded tool around the work area.
9. Never allow anyone not trained to use the tool.
10. Never engage in horseplay with the tool.
11. Using tool in poorly ventilated areas, cleaning tool or handling loads may result in exposure to lead or other substances known to cause birth defects, and other physical harm. Have adequate ventilation at all times and wash thoroughly after exposure.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

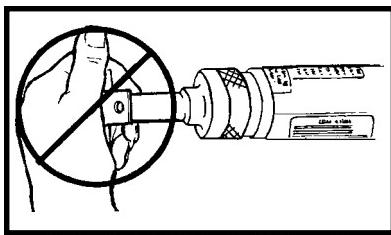


**CHECK
OPERATION
DAILY**

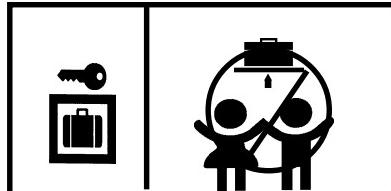
**ALWAYS DO A DAILY
FUNCTION CHECK BEFORE
LOADING TOOL**



**NEVER LOAD TOOL UNLESS IT
IS TO BE USED IMMEDIATELY**



**NEVER PLACE HANDS OR
BODY OVER MUZZLE OPENING**



**KEEP TOOL LOCKED & OUT OF
THE REACH OF CHILDREN**

DANGER

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

DANGER

**FAILURE TO FOLLOW
INSTRUCTIONS CAN CAUSE
INJURY TO THE TOOL OPER-
ATOR OR TO BYSTANDERS.**

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

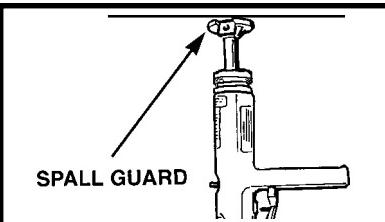
Fastener Driving Safety

1. Only use the tool for fastening into a suitable base material.
2. Never fire the tool without a fastener. *Firing a tool without a fastener will cause the piston to strike the work surface, and may cause serious injury to you and others in the work area.*
3. Always use the spall guard whenever possible to minimize flying particles or debris.
4. Always hold the tool perpendicular to and firmly against the work surface when making a fastening. *Failure to do so could allow a fastener to ricochet.*
5. Never attempt to drive a fastener close to an edge or to another fastener. *See page 8 for guidelines.*
6. Always use the correct piston and nosepiece for the fastener being used. *Failure to do so can result in serious injury to the user and bystanders.*

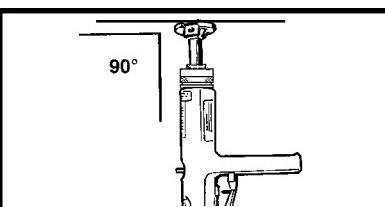
ALWAYS FOLLOW THE MISFIRE PROCEDURE

If tool does not fire after the normal firing sequence, continue to hold the depressed tool against the work surface for at least 30 seconds. Then carefully lower the tool, remove the load strip and put it in a can of water or other non-flammable liquid. Never carelessly discard a strip with live loads into a trash container.

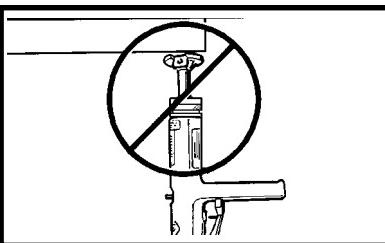
If the tool becomes stuck or jammed with a live powder load, keep the tool pointed in a safe direction, and immediately tag it, "Danger-defective-do not use". Lock the tool in a tool box and call your local Ramset Distributor for assistance.



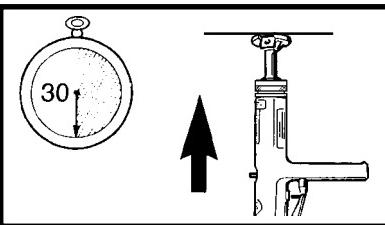
**USE SPALL GUARD
WHENEVER POSSIBLE**



**ALWAYS HOLD THE TOOL
PERPENDICULAR TO
THE WORK SURFACE**



**NEVER DRIVE A FASTENER
CLOSE TO AN EDGE**



**HOLD THE TOOL FIRMLY
AGAINST THE WORK SURFACE
FOR AT LEAST 30 SECONDS.**

FASTENERS / LOADS

Your Ramset Viper tool uses only the Ramset fasteners and loads shown below or listed for the tool in the Product Catalog.

DANGER

Never use any other types of fasteners or strip loads in the Viper tool. Use of other types of fasteners or loads may cause unintentional load discharge, damage the tool, cause poor fastening performance, or create a risk of serious injury to the operator or bystanders.

FASTENERS AND FASTENER ASSEMBLIES

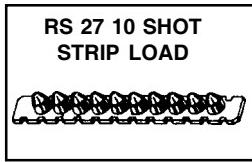
CEILING CLIP ASSEMBLIES - .300 HEAD DIA.

CAT. NO.	SHANK DIA.	LENGTH
2202	.145	1 1/4"
SDC100	.145	1"
SDC125	.145	1 1/4"
SPC100*	.150/.180	1"
SPC114*	.150/.180	1 1/4"

Note: * For Hard Concrete

LOADS

Ramset RS 27 strip loads are specially made for use in the Viper Tool.



POWER LEVEL	CATALOG NUMBER	LOAD COLOR	CASE COLOR
3	3RS27	Green	Brass
4	4RS27	Yellow	Brass
5	5RS27	Red	Brass

The power level of the loads is indicated by the number marked on each box, the color of the box and the color on the tip of each load. As the number increases, the power level also increases.

Always perform the center punch test described on page 3 to test the base material.

Always make a test fastening using the # 3, Green power level first. If more power is required to set the fastener, use the next higher power level necessary to drive the fastener is reached

FASTENERS / LOADS

FASTENING APPLICATIONS

FASTENING APPLICATIONS

Your Ramset tool can be used for a wide range of fastening needs in a variety of base materials. Reading and following these important fastening guidelines will help you get the best results from your tool, fasteners, and powder loads, as well as help you perform these fastening operations safely and effectively.

Powder actuated fastenings are permanent fastenings so attempting to remove a fastener from concrete or steel may result in a serious injury.

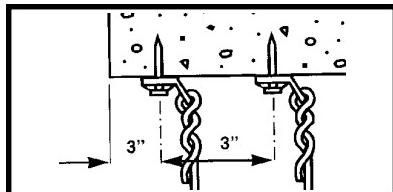
Fastening to Concrete

When fastening into concrete, always maintain a minimum spacing of 3" between fastenings and 3" from any free edge. Concrete thickness should be at least three times the intended penetration depth into the concrete.

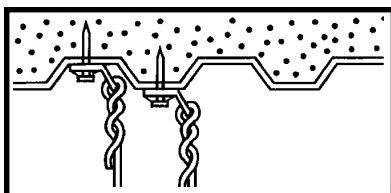
Driving fasteners too close to an edge or too close to each other can cause the concrete edge to fail or fasteners to fly free.

Fastening to Steel

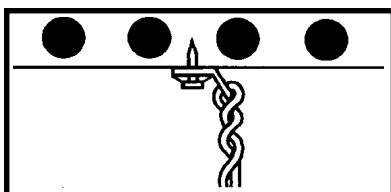
Your Ramset tool can be used for fastening on the flat surfaces of structural steel. When fastening into steel, always maintain a minimum spacing of 1-1/2" between fastenings and 1/2" from any edge.



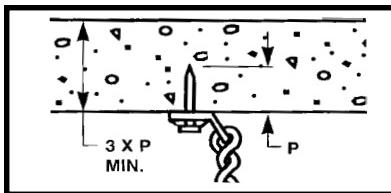
SPACING - FASTENING
INTO CONCRETE



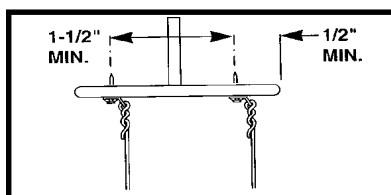
FASTENER LOCATIONS IN
LIGHTWEIGHT PAN DECK



FASTENER LOCATION IN
PRECAST CONCRETE



PENETRATION INTO CONCRETE



SPACING IN STEEL

FASTENING APPLICATIONS

TOOL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

TOOL OPERATION

Daily Function Test

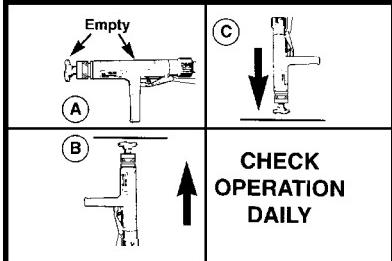
Always check the tool first to make sure that it does not contain a load strip or fastener.

Test the tool overhead several times by completely depressing it on a hard surface. You should hear an audible click as the firing pin releases. Let up on the tool and check to be sure that the barrel assembly has opened to the starting position.

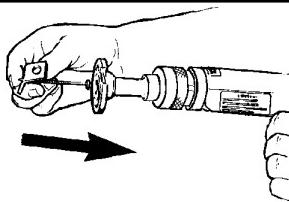
Next, place the tool, pointing downward, on a hard surface and firmly, completely depress the tool. You must not hear the firing pin release! If the firing pin releases, **STOP, DO NOT TRY TO USE THE TOOL UNTIL THE PROPER REPAIRS HAVE BEEN MADE.** Contact your Ramset Distributor for repairs.

OPERATING THE VIPER TOOL

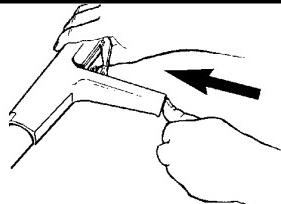
1. Insert a fastener assembly into the muzzle bushing end of the tool until it is fully seated. If a clip assembly is being used, be sure it is positioned in the cutout section of the spall guard.
2. Insert a load strip into the bottom of the handle and push it in until your finger is in firm contact with the handle recess. **Never try to insert a load strip into the tool from the top of the receiver.**
3. Carefully raise the tool to the ceiling and depress the barrel assembly where the fastening is to be made. Hold the tool perpendicular and forcibly push upwards on the pole handle to compress the firing pin spring and release the sear to fire the tool. **If the tool does not fire, continue to hold it in place for at least 30 seconds and then follow the misfire procedure on page 6.** Always point the tool in a safe direction and use care when raising it to the ceiling to avoid bumping objects that could cause the tool to fire.



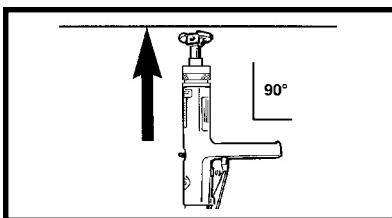
PERFORM FUNCTION TEST WITH EMPTY, UNLOADED TOOL



INSERT FASTENER INTO THE MUZZLE END OF THE TOOL



INSERT LOAD STRIP INTO THE OPENING IN THE BOTTOM OF THE HANDLE



RAISE TOOL TO THE CEILING AND DEPRESS THE BARREL ASSEMBLY. THEN PUSH UP FORCIBLY AGAINST THE WORK SURFACE TO FIRE THE TOOL

TOOL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

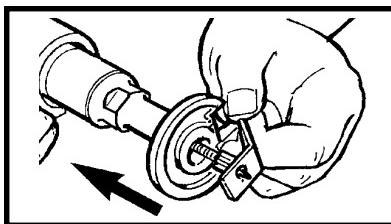
TOOL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- Lower the tool, keeping it pointed in a safe direction, and insert the next fastener or fastener assembly.

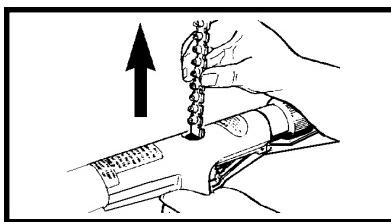
Note: While the Viper tool is being closed and fired, the advance lever cam has caused the load advance lever to be indexed downward to pick up the next load. When the tool is lowered and opens up, the next unfired load is indexed upward to the firing position. At the same time, as the tool is lowered, the piston is automatically reset for the next fastening.

NEVER PLACE YOUR HAND OR FINGERS OVER THE MUZZLE BUSHING WHILE AN UNFIRED LOAD IS IN POSITION TO BE FIRED.

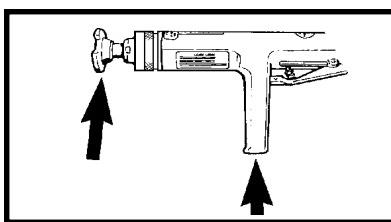
- After all 10 loads in the strip have been fired, pull the used load strip from the top of the tool. NEVER try to pull a load strip from the bottom of the tool.
- If you are working in an area where dirt or debris can fall onto the tool while making fastenings, check the tool frequently to be sure the muzzle bushing and load strip track are clear.



INSERT THE NEXT FASTENER OR FASTENER ASSEMBLY INTO THE MUZZLE BUSHING



REMOVE THE LOAD STRIP FROM THE TOP OF THE TOOL



CHECK THE MUZZLE BUSHING AND LOAD STRIP TRACK FOR DEBRIS

NOTE: Use of partially used load strips.

The design of the Viper tool is such that the next load to be fired is automatically indexed into the firing position during the tool closing, firing and tool opening sequence of operation. If it is necessary to use a partially used load strip, the end of the strip containing the live loads should be placed into the bottom of the tool handle just as if it were a new strip. By counting the number of unfired loads in the strip before inserting it and keeping count as the fastenings are being made, one can easily determine when all of the loads have been used.

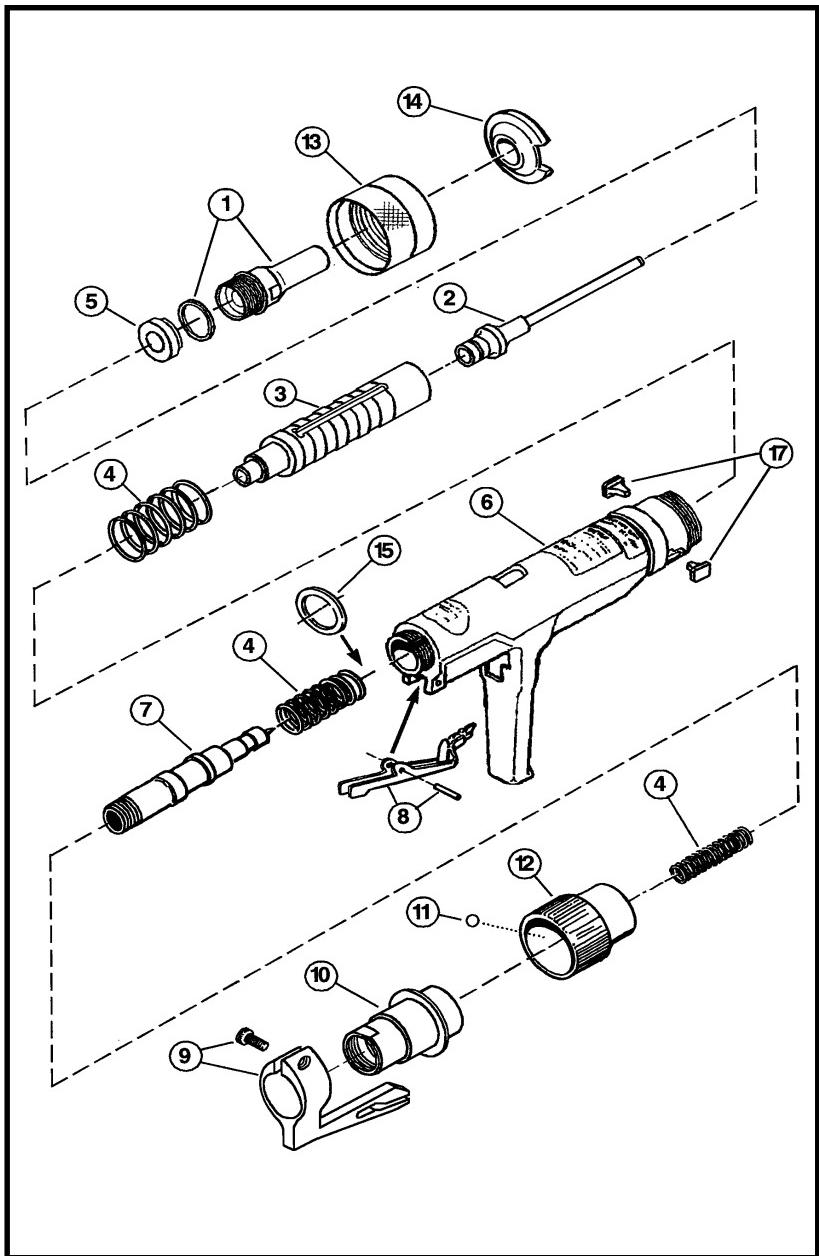
TOOL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

TROUBLESHOOTING

REFER TO PARTS SCHEMATIC FOR PROPER ASSEMBLY OF PARTS

- Overdriving of fasteners	- Excessive power	- Change to next lower power level load strip color and number.
	- Soft base material	- Check base material (see page 3)
- Tool fails to fire	- Failure to depress completely	- See " Tool does not completely depress"
	- Excessive dirt buildup on breech face not allowing proper penetration of firing pin	- After following misfire procedure, check firing pin indentation on load. Clean breech face
	- Firing pin and/or firing pin assembly damaged	- Replace damaged parts
- Tool does not completely depress	- Misassembled or damaged parts	- Check all parts in the receiver for damage or improper assembly.
- Reduction or loss of power	- Piston not being returned to the full rear position	- Disassemble and clean barrel, piston and nosepiece
	- Worn or damaged piston	- Replace damaged piston
- Failure to index strip	- Strip not inserted in tool correctly or is damaged	- Check load strip Properly dispose of damaged strip. (See page 6)
	- Damaged indexing mechanism	- Contact your Ramset Distributor for assistance

PARTS SCHEMATIC



PARTS SCHEMATIC

PARTS LISTING / MAINTENANCE

VIPER TOOL PARTS LIST

KEY	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	MVP100A	MUZZLE BUSHING ASSEMBLY
2	MVP140	PISTON
3	MVP150	BARREL
4	MVP21A	SPRINGS (barrel, firing pin & firing pin assembly)
5	MVP110A	BUFFER (package of 3)
6		TOOL HOUSING (not a spare part)
7	2VP18	FIRING PIN ASSEMBLY
8	MVP500AP	ADVANCE LEVER AND PIN
9	MVP600A	ADVANCE LEVER CAM AND SCREW
10	MVP028	POLE CONNECTOR
11	2VP11	LOCKOUT BALL (PKG. OF 3)
12	2VP29	HANDLE CONNECTOR
13	MVP130	RETAINING COLLAR
14	2VP30	SPALL GUARD
15	2VP33	WAVE WASHER
16	2VP3A	LINER BALLS AND SPRINGS (not shown)
17	316540	PAWLS (package of 2)

MAINTENANCE

**IMPROPERLY MAINTAINED TOOLS CAN CAUSE SERIOUS INJURIES
TO TOOL OPERATORS AND BYSTANDERS**

CLEAN TOOL DAILY

Always make sure the tool is not loaded before performing any service or repair and always wear safety goggles when cleaning or servicing the tool.

NORMAL CLEANING

All front end parts shown in the disassembly section are to be cleaned daily, or more often if necessary, to maintain best tool function. Remove all dirt and carbon buildup with detergent oil and wire brush and wipe parts dry with a clean rag. Check all parts for wear or damage before reassembly and replace any worn or damaged parts.

COMPLETE CLEANING / GENERAL MAINTENANCE

Heavy use or constant exposure to dirt and debris may require that the tool be cleaned more extensively. Complete disassembly and cleaning of all parts may be necessary to restore the tool to normal operation. General maintenance should be performed every six months or more often if the tool is subjected to heavy use. Contact your authorized Ramset Distributor for assistance.

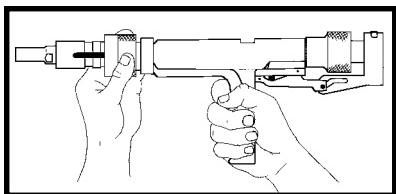
**ALWAYS FUNCTION TEST THE TOOL AFTER PERFORMING ANY SERVICE.
SEE PAGE 9 FOR DETAILS ON THE FUNCTION TEST.**

PARTS LISTING / MAINTENANCE

DISASSEMBLY

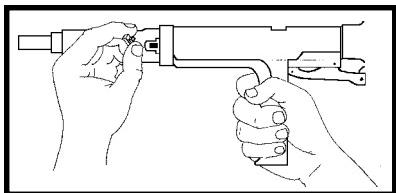
TOOL DISASSEMBLY

1. Unscrew and remove the barrel retention collar. Handle the tool carefully after the collar is unscrewed to prevent the two barrel pawls from falling out.



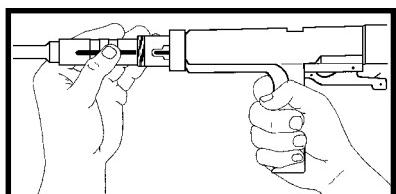
**UNSCREW THE BARREL
RETAINING COLLAR**

2. Remove the two pawls from the slots on either side of the tool housing.



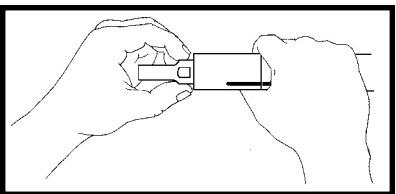
REMOVE BOTH PAWLS

3. Slide the barrel assembly and the barrel spring out of the tool body. Note the position of the slots on the sides of the barrel since the tip ends of the pawls are inserted into the barrel slots through the tool housing in re-assembly.



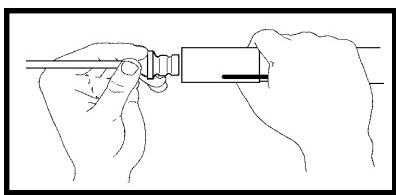
**SLIDE THE BARREL ASSEMBLY
AND BARREL SPRING OUT OF
THE TOOL BODY**

4. Unscrew the muzzle bushing assembly from the barrel. If this is difficult to do by hand, grasp the barrel and use a wrench on the flats of the muzzle bushing assembly to loosen it for complete removal.



**UNSCREW THE MUZZLE BUSHING
FROM THE BARREL**

5. Remove the piston from the barrel.



**PULL PISTON OUT OF THE
BARREL**

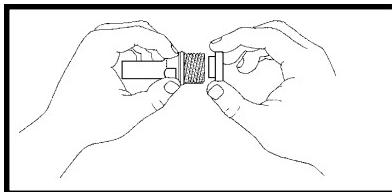
DISASSEMBLY

DISASSEMBLY

6. Remove the buffer from the muzzle bushing.

Inspect all parts for wear or damage and clean or replace as required. Use detergent oil and cleaning brushes to remove dirt and powder residues. Wipe all parts dry before reassembly.

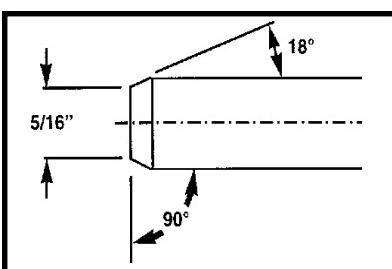
Wear safety goggles when cleaning tool parts.



PULL THE BUFFER OUT OF THE MUZZLE BUSHING

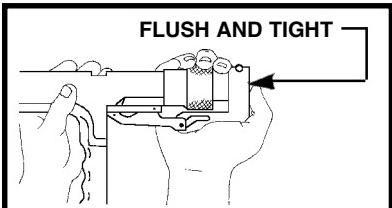
7. Check the piston tip for damage and grind flat. The tip of the piston must be 90° to the shank. Grinding should only be done by qualified personnel. The minimum overall length of the piston must not be less than 4" long. When less than 4" long, the piston must be replaced.

8. Reassemble the tool in the reverse order of disassembly. When sliding the barrel and spring into the housing, align the slot in the barrel with the slot in the tool housing and install both pawls and the retaining collar



GRIND PISTON TIP FLAT AND BEVEL EDGE AT 18°

ALWAYS CHECK BEFORE USING THE TOOL TO BE SURE THAT THE ADVANCE LEVER CAM IS TIGHTENED SECURELY ON THE END OF THE POLE CONNECTOR.



BE SURE THE ADVANCE CAM IS TIGHTENED SECURELY AND IS FLUSH WITH THE END OF THE POLE CONNECTOR

ALWAYS PERFORM THE DAILY FUNCTION TEST DISCUSSED AND SHOWN ON PAGE 9 BEFORE USING THE TOOL AFTER CLEANING OR SERVICING.

DISASSEMBLY

WARRANTY

ALL WARRANTIES OF THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSES, ARE SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDED, EXCEPT FOR THE FOLLOWING: Ramset will repair or replace, at its sole option, any tool, part, or fastener which, within 90 days after sale by Ramset, is found by Ramset to be defective in material or workmanship, normal wear and tear excluded. **THIS IS THE SOLE WARRANTY OF RAMSET AND THE SOLE REMEDY AVAILABLE TO THE BUYER AND IN NO EVENT WILL ANY DIRECT OR INDIRECT INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR ANY OTHER DAMAGES, BE AVAILABLE.**

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